



Mobile Technology as Communication Supports for Adults with Primary Progressive Aphasia

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A series of studies: 2004-2012

Do AAC tools improve the quality of conversation by individuals with degenerative language impairment associated with Alzheimer's disease or Primary Progressive Aphasia?

Series of experiments: Methods

1. Consent participant and communication partner in their primary residence;
2. Determine participant's preferred topic and vocabulary;
3. Develop communication board;
4. Conduct videotaped conversations with participant with and without communication support in scripted and naturalistic conditions.

Personalized communication board

Oil Painting



Tomio



Watercolor



Pottery



Hand Painted Pottery



Wedding Cranes



Origami



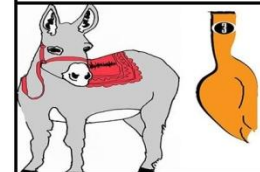
Kuni



Hand Pottery



Pin the Tail on the Donkey



Rock Painting



Arts & Crafts



Malheur County Fair



Birthday Cake



Shell Art



Ceramics



For people with AD and PPA:

- Low tech AAC provides meaningful language support during structured conversations for people with AD and PPA.
- Low tech AAC significantly reduces questions and prompts needed by the conversation partner.
- AAC balances the conversation more.
- This approach should be part of a treatment protocol for AD and PPA .

Next Steps

- Using mobile technology
- Compare vocabulary layouts during conversation (popular apps)
- In naturalistic settings
- Using personally relevant, contextualized photos
- With both PPA and AD participants

Justification

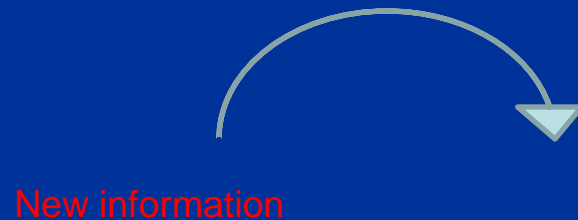
“ I can understand what he is saying when I start the conversation. But when Jim comes up to me and wants to tell me something, and I don’t know the topic, I have no idea what he is talking about!”

PPA Pilot Research Questions

- Does the use of mobile technology for language support improve conversation in people with PPA?
- Do different vocabulary layouts (different apps) in mobile technology affect conversation in people with PPA?

A functional barrier task: Novel activities and conversations

- Making a smoothie
- Potting a plant
- Making a sandwich for lunch



Method: Share new information

- Conduct an activity in the participant's house when the spouse or daughter is NOT present.
- Ask the participant to describe the activity just accomplished to:
 - The RA *without* the iPad
 - The spouse/daughter *with* the iPad

Device

iPad (3rd gen)
with 16 GB
memory and
wifi
capabilities

Method

- **Subjects** – 3 men, 1 woman; age: 69-75 yrs
- **Dx:** Primary Progressive Aphasia
- **Setting:** Home
- **Communication partners:** RA for control conversations; wife or daughter for AAC supported conversations

Language Assessment

	Age	Years Of Ed	BNT Raw Score	WAB AQ	BDAE Oral:Verbal Agility Apraxic?	NAT Total Correct
002JA male	76	15	25 ; 3.5 SD below the Mean	91.8 Mild	6:7 No	70%
003WM male	74	12	46 ; .5 SD below the Mean	93.8 Mild	5:7 No	36%
004LS male	69	14	0 ; 8 SD below the Mean	32 Severe	5:7 No	0%
005MC female	75	16	0 ; 8 SD below the Mean	64.9 Moderate	11;13 No	0%

Cognitive Assessment

	Age	Years Of Ed	CLQT Composite Severity Score	Clock Drawing	Comments
002JA male	76	15	3.2 Mild	8 Moderate	Mild Attention and Visuospatial domains; Moderate Executive Function domains
003WM male	74	12	3.6 WNL	1 Severe	Mild Memory & Language domains
004LS male	69	14	1.8 Moderate	0 Severe	Severe Memory, Executive Function and Language domains
005MC female	75	16	1.2 Severe	8 Moderate	Severe Attention, Memory, Language and Visuospatial domains

Observational Scales

	Age	Years Of Ed	PASS Sum of Scores (0-33)	CDR Standard Global Score (0-3)	Supplemental CDR (Behavior and Language items) (0-3)
002JA Male	76	15	4.5	.5	.25
003WM Male	74	12	7.5	.5	1.25
004LS Male	69	14	14	.5	.5
005MC Female	75	16	5	.5	.5

Assessment Summary: 4 participants with PPA

- Expressive language skills mild to severely impaired
- Limited to no presence of oral/verbal apraxia
- Moderate to severe impairment in sentence production
- Formal cognitive skills WNL to severely impaired
- CDR Scores low (.5 of 3): Functional in their day

Comparing 5 layouts:
Does the presentation of
language make a difference?

Visual Scene + speech (no label)

- One picture with 9 hot spots
- Started with Scene & Heard by TBoxApps
- Using GoTalk Now by Attainment Co.



Grid: 9 photo + label + speech

- Started with Talk 'n Photos app
- Changed to GoTalk Now

Making a sandwich 	BREAD 	PEANUT BUTTER 
JELLY 	SANDWICH 	KNIFE 
EATING 	SINK 	REFRIGERATOR 

Navigation icons: back, home, forward, 2 MASTERY, jump, speech bubble, play.

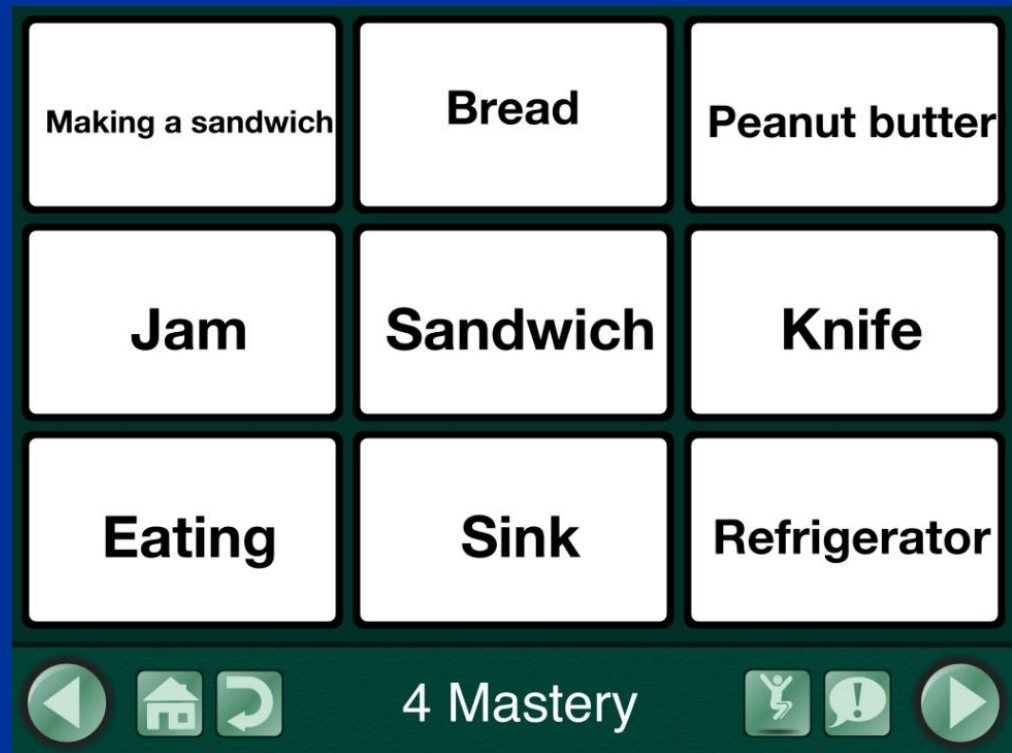
Grid: 9 photos + speech (no label)

- Pictures obtained during real time activity
- Started with Talk 'n Photos app
- Changed to GoTalk Now



Label + speech (no photo)

- Grid with 9 target words
- GoTalk Now by Attainment Co



3 level grids: Photo + label + speech

- 3 photos
- 1 operations button
- Started with PhotoVOCA app
- Using GoTalk Now



Levels 2 and 3: Photo + label + speech

JELLY 	SANDWICH 
KNIFE 	NEXT PAGE 

Navigation icons: back, home, redo, 5 Mastery B, lightning bolt, exclamation mark, forward.

EATING 	SINK 
REFRIGERATOR 	GO BACK 

Navigation icons: back, home, redo, 5 Mastery C, lightning bolt, exclamation mark, forward.

Comparing 5 vocabulary layouts

1. Visual scene- 9 hot spots + speech (no labels)
2. Grid- 9 buttons, photo + label + speech
3. Grid- 9 buttons photo +speech (no labels)
4. Grid – 9 label + speech (no photo)
5. Three level grids (nested screens)
 - 3 buttons: photo + label + speech
 - 1 operation button

Method: 6 visits and 3 activities

Visits 1 & 2

- Consenting
- Language/cognitive assessment

Visit 3

- Teach participant how to use the chosen 3 layouts (with mastery sandwich screens).
- Show participant and spouse how to use the iPad for a conversation.

Method: Visits 4 - 6

1. Conduct and photograph activity
2. Conduct baseline conversation with RA (no iPad)*
3. Create board layout with 9 messages in randomized condition
 - RA records her speech for the digitized output
 - Use humor and vocabulary of participant when possible *“That smoothie is ugly.”*
 - Each message includes activity name (in case it is the only message selected)
4. Review app for visit and repeat mastery task
5. Conduct iPad conversation with spouse or daughter*

* All conversations are videotaped.

The Conversations and Supports

Activity: Making a sandwich and lunch

Layout condition: Visual scene + 9 hot spots



Activity: Making a sandwich and lunch

Layout condition: 9 grid photo + label + speech

Sandwich



Bread



Marshmallow creme



Jelly



Peanut Butter



Nutella



Banana



Kale



Chips



MC005-2



Activity: Potting a plant





Layout condition: 9 grid photo + speech



Activity: Making a smoothie

Layout condition: 9 grid label + speech

Smoothie	Blender	Apple
Pear	Water	Spinach
Ginger	Lemon	Kale

004 LS 4

Activity: Potting a plant

Layout condition: Nested 3 layers
with photo + label + speech

Planting



Newspaper



Soil



NEXT PAGE



MC005-5A



Levels 2 + 3

Garden gloves



Miracle grow



Spade



NEXT PAGE



Clay pot



Plant



Water can



GO BACK



MC005-5B

MC005-5C

Impressions from pilot data

1. Mobile technology apps support conversation and sharing new information by people with PPA.
 - Each pair agreed that new information was presented with the iPad.
 - The iPad created a more fluent conversation.
 - All spouses reported that they got the gist of the story.

2. *Partner training* is imperative if people are to incorporate technology into conversation.

- Spouses did not know how to respond to iPad; need training to add technology to their conversational modes. (Perhaps add video review at each visit)
- Some participants with PPA did not know how to switch strategies between speech and iPad use.
- $\frac{3}{4}$ of the participants do not use computers for communication now; adding this medium will require *training* (it's NOT cheating to use the iPad!).

3. Different layouts facilitate lexical support

- Layouts with written labels are most beneficial. (Reading single words or phrases is a strength for people with PPA.)
- Users preferred large pictures.
- The multi-level grids offer operational challenges to people who are not familiar with technology.
- Layouts without labels may stimulate repetition and practice.

Next steps

- Continue with data collection and analysis
- Teach people with PPA to take photos and place them in apps
- Examine different word functions (nouns, verbs, adjectives)
- Add participants with AD
 - Require spaced retrieval training
 - No speech output condition

Roger's dynamic real time knowledge based updating:

- http://www.polleverywhere.com/multiple_choice_polls/OTAxMzc4Njg2

Webcast references



www.aac-rerc.com

Rehabilitation Engineering Research
Center in Communication
Enhancement

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Copy of presentation slides at: www.aac-rerc.com
<http://www.reknewprojects.org>